

## **Chester Metal Super SL**

#### **DESCRIPTION:**

Chester Metal Super SL is a two-element thixotropic epoxy-metallic composite with extended working life. The material contains modified epoxy resins, steel and fiber fillers. A steel-filled epoxy putty cures at room temperature and is designed for filling, rebuilding, and bonding metal surfaces.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION:

 REBUILDING, BONDING, FILLING THE BRASS CAST

Technical Data					
Cured Density			1,4 g/cm <sup>3</sup>		
Mix Ratio by Volume			2:1		
Mix Ratio by Weight			2,5 : 1		
Color			brass		
Tensile Shear (Stainless Steel)	ASTM 1002	ISO 4587	17,5 MPa	2959 psi	
Tensile Shear (Mild Steel)	ASTM 1002	ISO 4587	17,5 MPa	2915 psi	
Tensile Shear (Brass)	ASTM 1002	ISO 4587	14,5 MPa	1856 psi	
Temperature Resistance Wet			100°C	212 <sup>0</sup> F	
Temperature Resistance Dry			200°C	392 <sup>o</sup> F	
Minimal working temperature			-50 <sup>o</sup> C	-58 °F	
Heat Distortion Temperature	ASTM D648			_	
Ambiet Cure			55°C	131°F	
Post Cure			76 °C	169 <sup>0</sup> F	
Heat Distortion Temperature		DIN 53462	_	_	
Ambiet Cure			50 °C	120 °F	
Post Cure			67 <sup>°</sup> C	153 °F	
Working Life 20°C (68°F)			90 min		
Cured Hardness	ASTM D2240		88D		
Compressive Strength	ASTM D695	ISO 604	142 MPa	20590 psi	
Thermal conductivity coefficient			0.56 W/mK		
Flexural strength		ISO 178	89 MPa	12910 psi	
Impact strength		ISO 179	6,0 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>		



### Chester Metal Super SL

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### Conditions during the application.

The product is not recommended to apply when the ambient temperature is below 4°C(39°F) and the relative humidity is above 90% or when condensation occurs on the surface to be repaired.

#### Surface preparation.

The surface in the part to be repaired shall be mechanically cleaned by means of blast cleaning, sanding, or with the help of the abrasive paper, grinders, pin-lift grinding wheels, etc. You should always aim at thoroughly remove all loose contamination and make the surface roughened. A correctly prepared surface shall be degreased using for ex. Chester Fast Cleaner F-7 or Chester Ultra Fast Degreaser F-6.

#### Mixing and application of the composition.

Use two different spatulas to take the Base and the Reactor. Mix both elements on the flat smooth surface or in packages until obtaining a uniform color.

Once the mix was prepared it should be directly applied, because curing starts immediately and every late could weaken the adhesion. Necessary layer should be placed single, carefully rubbing it into the base. In case there is necessary second layer, first shouldn't be fully cured, otherwise there should be made rough surface. In the case of repairs of cracks, it is recommended to additionally reinforce the composite with a fiberglass net.

#### Post curing

Post curing in temperature  $80\text{-}110^{\circ}\text{C}(176\text{-}230^{\circ}\text{F})\text{in}$  minimum 2h, after initial cure considerably improves mechanical properties, heat and chemical resistance. Optimal cure e.g. tensile shear research, optained after 7 days in  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $68^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) and post-cure by heating to  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $212^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) for a period of up to 24 hours.

# CURE TIME ACCORDING TO THE TEMPERATURE.

Ambient temperature °C (°F)	Time for application [min]	Time for treatment [h]
5 (41)	50	14
10 (50)	35	12
20 (68)	20	4
30 (86)	15	2,5

It should be remembered that the rate of the reaction significantly depends, apart from the ambient temperature, on the quantity of the used material (the bigger mass of the mixed material, the reaction rate increases). The above presented times refer to the mass of 0.25 kg of the composite.

#### **CHEMICAL RESISTANCE**

Tests were carried at the temperature of  $20^{\circ}$ C ( $68^{\circ}$ F). The tests were carried after 7 days of curing at the temperature of  $20^{\circ}$ C ( $68^{\circ}$ F).

- 1 Prolonged immersion
- 2 Short-term immersion
- 3 Not recommended

Solvent	Chemical resistance
Petrol	1
Diesel fuel	1
Brake fluid	1
Motor oil	1
Petroleum	1
Nitric acid 10%	1
Nitrous acid 10%	1
Acetic acid 3%	2
Amines	1
Hydrochloric acid 10%	1
Ammonia 20%	1
Water 100°C(212°F)	1
Sea water	1
Ozone (dry)	1
Chlorine	1
Acetone	3
Methylene Chloride	3

Full table of chemical resistance is on the website <a href="http://www.chester.com.pl/GBA/multimedia/2/51/">http://www.chester.com.pl/GBA/multimedia/2/51/</a>

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Storage

The product should be stored in original packaging at temperature between  $+0^{\circ}$ C (32  $^{\circ}$ F) to  $+30^{\circ}$ C (86  $^{\circ}$ F).

**ISO** 9001:2000